USTH MM2. I Soft. Eng. for Interactive Media



Reading Assignment #1: Video Browsing by Direct Manipulation ĐOÀN Tiến Tài & ĐOÀN Thị Phương Thùy

What is Direct Manipulation?

 An approach for seeking video content which focuses on objects movement rather than on time (frames) axis like classical methods.









Classical seeking

- Drag the seeking-bar
- Time oriented

Direct manipulation

- Drag objects
- Content oriented

How to make it?

- Creating motion path
 - A trajection corresponding to the motion of a region
- Dragging
 - Providing the best experience for user when dragging

What are the problems?

- Motion paths

- How can we map any points in any video frame to a curve representing its trajectory over time?

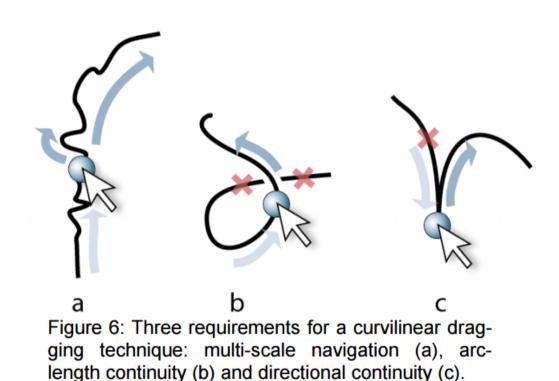
Solutions

- Manual Annotation:
 - Good performance on specific videos
 - Not general
- Metadata Extraction
 - MPEG contains motion information for decoding
 - Not very reliable
- Automatic Estimation
 - Video processing and computer vision techniques
 - Acceptable accuracy

What are the problems?

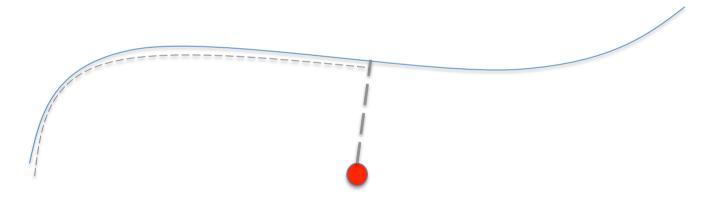
Dragging:

- a. Multi-scale
- b. Arc-length continuity
- c. Directional continuity



Solutions

 Combining Closest Point approach and 3D Distance method



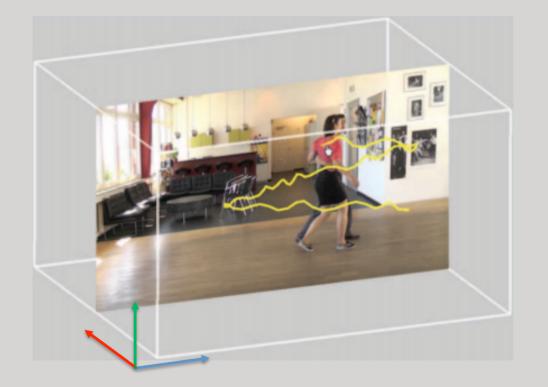
3D Video Navigation

• In cases that motion path is recursive



3DVideo Navigation

• Solution: add one more direction of time



But do you want to watch a video this way?

• Improvement: semi-transparent frame



Results

- The user performance in locating frames of interest in videos with the 2D and 3D DMVN system.
- The navigation time is measured in seconds and the navigation accuracy is measured in frames.

	Time: mean	Time: std	Accuracy: mean	Accuracy: std
2D	32.24	6.19	74.65	25.52
3D	17.87	8.08	2.83	2.58

How does it relate to MM2.1 ?

- The goal of Interactive Media (IM)
 - Improve user interface
 - Enhance user experience (less effort for a task)
- Direct video manipulation
 - Make the seeking task more natural
 - Improve the UI, the task is even more simple